REMARKS

Favorable reconsideration of this application is respectfully requested.

Initially, applicants note the Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) filed on November 8, 2005 was indicated as not considered in the Office Action as no translation of the cited references were provided. Applicants traverse that position and believe that IDS was properly filed and should have been considered. Specifically, filed with the IDS was a translation of the Japanese Office Action citing the two Japanese documents. The translation of that Japanese Office Action clearly provides a Statement of Relevancy for the noted Japanese applications. With the submission of such a Statement of Relevancy the IDS was properly filed and should have been considered. Applicants respectfully requested a new Form PTO-1449 be returned properly acknowledging consideration of the references in the IDS filed November 8, 2005.

Claims 28-53 are pending in this application. Claims 1-27 are canceled by the present response without prejudice and new claims 28-53 are presented for examination. Claims 1-3 and 8-20 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as unpatentable over U.S. patent 6,327,628 to Anuff et al. (herein "Anuff"). Claims 4-8 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as unpatentable over Anuff in view of U.S. patent 5,537,628 to Luebbert.

Addressing the above-noted rejections, those rejections are traversed by the present response.

New claims 28-53 are written to clarify features recited therein, and such features are believed to be supported by the original specification and not raise any issues of new matter.

The claimed method and system determine type information associated with a read first structured document and read by a first document processor and that uses tag information for specifying partial documents corresponding to operation units, the operation

units including at least one of the elements that coincide with, or is included in, the first structured document. Anuff does not disclose or suggest such a claimed structure.

Initially, as background applicants note the system of <u>Anuff</u> is directed to a convention portal system and the system of the present invention is directed to a different complimentary type of system. A portal system as in <u>Anuff</u> enables the smooth browsing of contents. In contrast to such a portal system in <u>Anuff</u>, the claimed system can make good and smooth use of contents that have already been browsed.

Further, a portal system as in <u>Anuff</u> presents latest news and daily updates on commercial items. In contrast, if there is something that attracts a user, the system of the present invention can pick that something out for future consideration.

In further detail, in the system of Anuff (1) contents distributed from different information sources are synthesized in a server; (2) a web browser displays the contents based on HTML; (3) a HTML page contains a user interface (UI) for determining a combination of components (portals); and (4) the combination of components determined by the user is sent to the server each time it is determined, and the server reconstructs the contents in accordance with the sent combination of components. The result of the reconstruction is then sent back based on the HTML.

In contrast to such a conventional portal system as in <u>Anuff</u>, the system of the claimed invention combines components on a web browser (e.g. a client). Operations that can be realized in the claimed invention are as follows. (1) In principle, each web server does not synthesize contents (this function is an option). (2) Web browsers are provided with contents in the form of a "block web document". (3) The combination processing engine assembled in the web browser parses the structure of the "block web document", and the component combination operation user interface (UI) is provided based on the results. (4) The

component combination processing by the user is received by the combination processing engine of the web browser, and a client machine reconstructs contents.

The component combination operations (3) and (4) noted above can be performed beyond a web browser window. Therefore, contents on arbitrary sites can be assembled as one page. Conversely, contents on the same page can be divided into different pages.

With the above-noted different structures in <u>Anuff</u> and in the claimed invention, the system of <u>Anuff</u> and the system of the claimed invention have different operations, and the claimed invention can realize advantages that cannot be achieved by the system of <u>Anuff</u>.

More specifically, since the presentation layer of <u>Anuff</u> uses the existing HTML, the system of <u>Anuff</u> has the following restraints. First, in <u>Anuff</u> components that can be combined are limited to components prepared at a same site. Further, Figure 9 of <u>Anuff</u> shows a bookmark, a search, a company directory, news, and discussion boards as examples. To increase the number of components, the portal site has to newly prepare components.

In contrast to <u>Anuff</u>, the claimed system can combine components of any web site as long as the contents are provided in the form of a "block web document". For example, a user can pick up news that interest him or her from a plurality of news sites and arrange them on one web page. In addition, the user can pick up a commercial item that interests him or her from a plurality of shopping sites.

The block web language that the system of the present invention uses is a declaration type format that serves as a common platform. Using such a common platform, the contents of various web sites (including web sites to be set up in the future) can be combined together more seamlessly.

Figure 2 of <u>Anuff</u> shows that the system therein collects news articles from a plurality of news sites. However, in <u>Anuff</u> news sites from which the news articles are selected are determined based on a conventional form menu (selector GUI) displayed on a news portlet.

Thereby, the news sites are not determined based on a combination of components. Such operations in <u>Anuff</u> have no relevance to the claimed features and differ from the claimed features for the reasons discussed above.

In view of these foregoing comments, applicants respectfully submit the claims as currently written clearly distinguish over the teachings in <u>Anuff</u>. Moreover, no teachings in <u>Luebbert</u> are believed to cure the above-noted deficiencies in <u>Anuff</u>.

As no other issues are pending in this application, it is respectfully submitted that the present application is now in condition for allowance, and it is hereby respectfully requested that this case be passed to issue.

Respectfully submitted,

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